

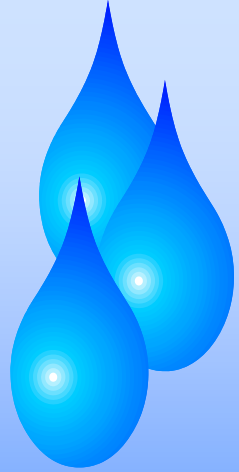
Unleaded AVGAS

Friedrichshafen 2011



Lars Hjelmberg

Executive director.



Aviation Gasoline

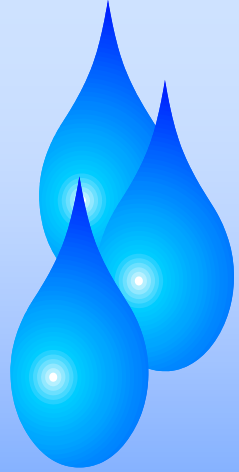
**A speciality product.
estimated w/w production
~ 1.600.000 ton/year**

In volume

< 0.5 % of automotive gasoline

or

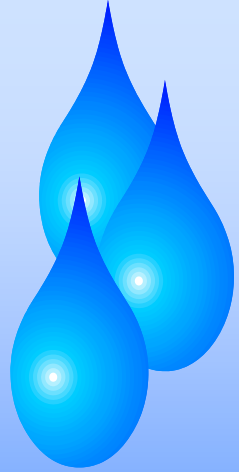
**< 1/4 of automotive gasoline system
evaporation**



Unleaded AVGAS

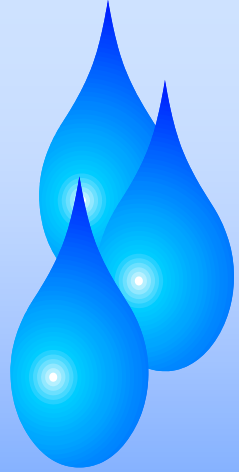
available today

- Hjelmcø 91/96 UL for all 91/96, 80/87 octane, Rotax and Kalisz (radial) engines
- UL 91 for Rotax Engines and 80/87 octane engines
- 82 UL for certain 80/87 octane engines (Mogas without ethanol)
- **Nothing for 100/130 octane engines**



**From the beginning
all Avgas was
unleaded**





EUROPE 1981

Unleaded Avgas used in

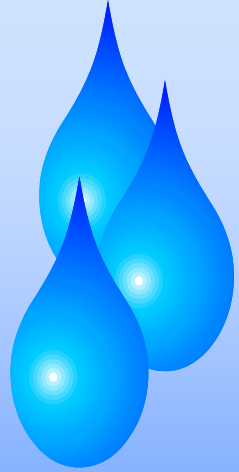
- **all Eastern Block countries**
- **Sweden**

Production sites:

Germany (Böhlen)

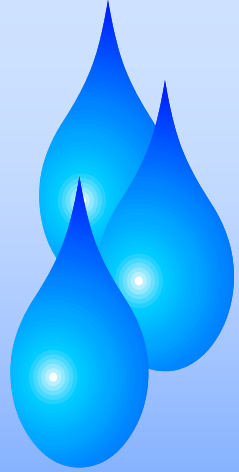
Czechoslovakia (Litvinov)

+ more



Sweden 1988

**Unleaded Avgas 80/87
used by
Royal Swedish Airforce
+
c:a 30 % of GA fleet.**



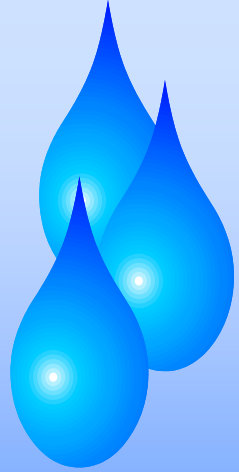
Sweden 1991

**Hjelmco Oil introduced
Avgas 91/96 unleaded**

Reason:

80/87 UL potential market c:a 30 %

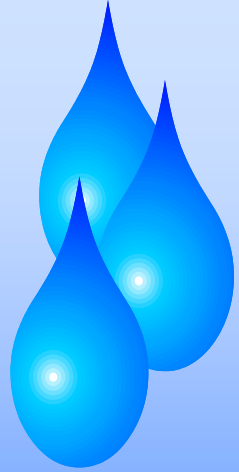
91/96 UL potential market c:a 70 %



Germany 1992

**Unleaded Avgas
production
in Böhlen (Leipzig)
ceased**

**Petition of maintaining production
to the responsible German
minister left without action**



USA 1995

**Textron Lycoming
recognizes**

Avgas 91/96 unleaded

as an approved alternate

Avgas for ~ 70 % of the GA fleet

in

Service Instruction 1070 L



1995

Textron Lycoming SI 1070

Service Instruction No. 1070L

TABLE OF SPECIFIED FUELS (CONT.)

Engine Models	SPECIFIED FUELS		Alternate Military and Commercial Grades
	Certificated For Use With Grade	Commercial Grade - Designation	
O-320-B,-D; IO-320-B,-D; LIO-320-B1A; AEIO-320-D; AIO-320-A,-B,-C; O-480- A; O-360-A,-C; IO-360-B, -E; AEIO-360-B,-H; VO- 360-A,-B; IVO-360-A; HO- 360-A,-B; HIO-360-B; O- 435-A2; GO-435-C2*; O- 540-A,-D,-E,-F,-G,-H; IO-540-C,-D,-N,-T; AEIO-540-D	91/96	100LL or 100	91/96 UL or ④100/130 or ④115/145

AVGAS 91/96 UL



*Piper PA-23
IO-540-C*

*Piper PA-30
IO-320-B*



AVGAS 91/96 UL

*Piper PA-28-161
O-320-D*



*Rockwell 114
IO-540-T*

*Robin 100 R
O-360-A3*

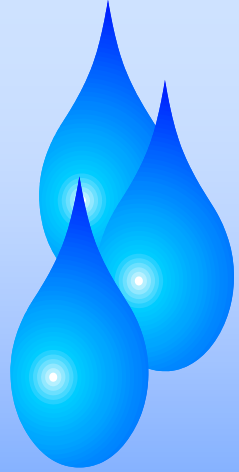


AVGAS 91/96 UL

Cessna 172
O-300



Cessna 150
O-200



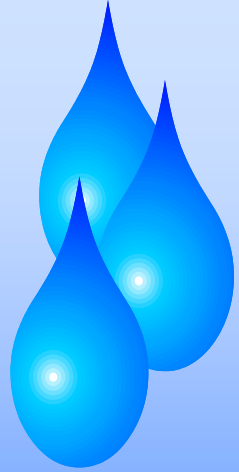
Germany 1995

Meeting LBA - Hjelmeo Oil

**PROJECT:
unleaded Avgas for Germany**

PROJECT FAILED

**Reason:
No political support**

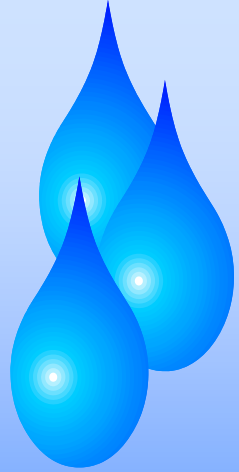


Political support failed

**Unleaded Avgas requires new
Airport infrastructure – i.e. tanks**

**When introduced
unleaded car gasoline got tax break
but**

Why not unleaded or Avgas ???



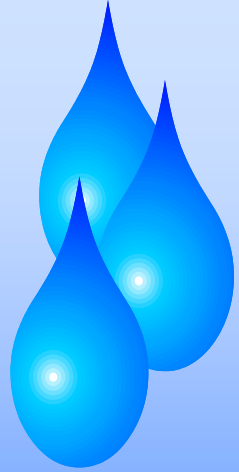
Avgas 91/96 UL

Swedish CAA safety review

1999

Fuel is and has been

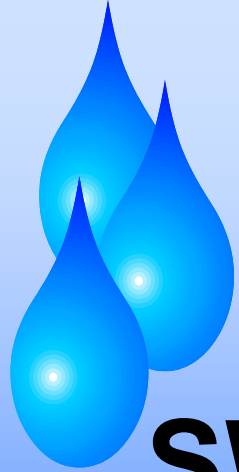
safe to use



Unleaded Avgas 91/96

Fuel is transparent to Avgas 100 LL

- **made of similar components but of higher purity and quality**
- **100 % mixable with leaded Avgas**
- **just refill and fly**
- **follow Lycoming SI 1409 (correct engine oil)**



Unleaded Avgas under development

Not meeting current AVGAS standard

SWIFT ~ 85 % aromates, ~ 15% isopentane

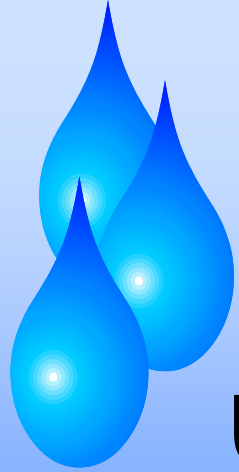
GAMI unknown formula

86-87 MON super car gasoline (no ethanol)

Meeting current AVGAS standard

100 VLL 100 LL with less lead

94 UL “similar” to Hjelmco 91/96 UL
but of US origin



Avgas under development

not meeting current AVGAS standard

Uphill battle to prove suitability

**Parameters in current standard
are there for known reasons**

(trial and error)

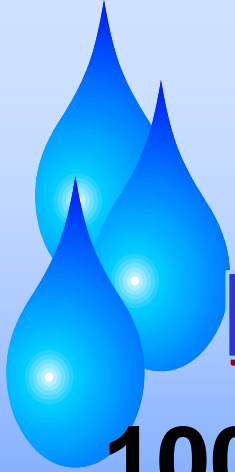
If going outside D910 standard

concessions in:

performance

safety

reliability



Avgas under development

meeting current AVGAS standard

100 VLL: concession to the US EPA to reduce overall lead in the air (~50 % reduction is researched)

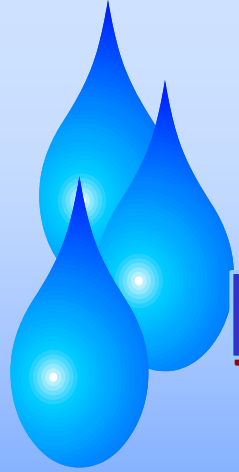
Problem: octane numbers don't tell the whole story

Unleaded AVGAS 98

performed better than

a 100 LL AVGAS

**Contradicts earlier data of the need to add about 3
MON in a 100 unleaded AVGAS.**

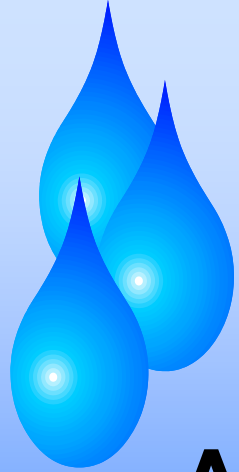


Avgas under development **meeting current AVGAS standard**

UL 94 : TCM project, final parameters not set
However – first aircraft already certified – Cirrus 22 T
315 HP turbocharged TIO520 TCM engine.
engine initially rated for AVGAS 100 LL



Hjelmco AVGAS 91/96 UL
in production since 1991 (20 years)
meets or exceeds performance of UL 94



**Developments
summer/autumn
2010 in Europe.**

Air TOTAL launches UL 91 AVGAS

ROTAX approves UL 91 AVGAS

both meeting US standard D7547

**EASA issues SIB 2010-31 for
"orphaned" aircraft.**

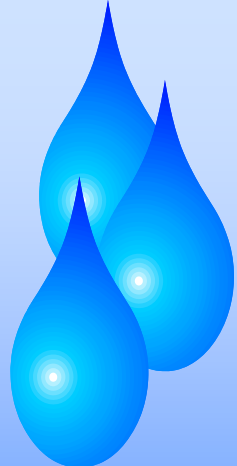
**Swedish CAA to propose lower fuel
taxes in Sweden on unleaded
AVGAS.**

Avgas UL 91

ALL ABOUT THE NEW AVGAS UL 91

Total will launch a new, high-quality aviation fuel during the second half of 2010, specially designed to meet the needs of microlight pilots: AVGAS UL 91. We take a closer look at the reasons behind the development.





Rotax-SI -912-016-R3

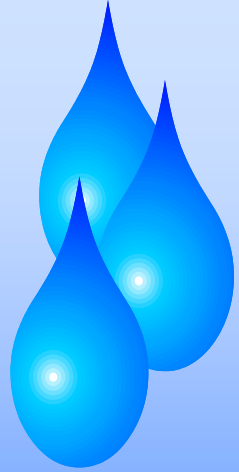
Rotax-SI-914-019-R3

July 13 2010

Usage / Description	
912 UL / A / F	912 ULS / S - 914 UL / F

AVGAS		
leaded	AVGAS 100 LL (ASTM D910)	AVGAS 100 LL (ASTM D910)
unleaded	UL91 ASTM D7547	UL91 ASTM D7547

released brand-name		
	HJELMCO AVGAS 91/96 UL ⁵⁾	HJELMCO AVGAS 91/96 UL ⁵⁾
	HJELMCO AVGAS 91/98 UL ⁵⁾	HJELMCO AVGAS 91/98 UL ⁵⁾



What will be the future AVGAS?

A dual AVGAS situation ?

Keeping AVGAS 100 LL for a/c

that really need 100 LL and

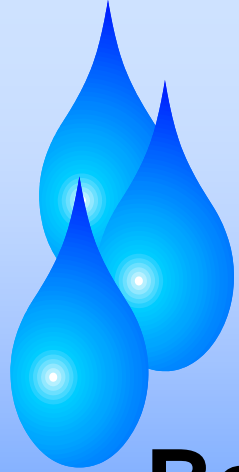
UL 94 (Hjelmco AVGAS 91/96 UL)

UL91 for the rest of the fleet.

Requires an agreement with EPA and industry.

Air-quality will rule

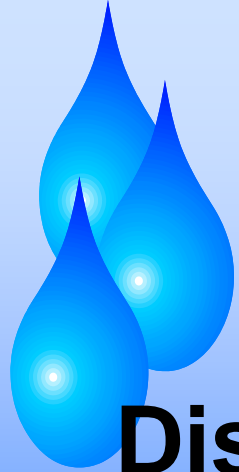
(amount of lead in the air next to major GA-airports)



Dual AVGAS

Benefits:

- **Drop in replacements fuels for 100 LL**
- **Cheap to produce**
- **Known products**
- **Allows for slow elimination of leaded AVGAS during xx-years.**
- **Allows for new a/c to be certified on UL94.**



Dual AVGAS

Disadvantages:

- Production of 2 AVGAS
- Logistics – storage and distribution
- costs for 2 products
- cost for 2 fuel-tanks at the airport

New fuel tank not necessary extra investment for unleaded AVGAS – old 100 LL tank might only be good for xx years allowing for a transition to UL fuel

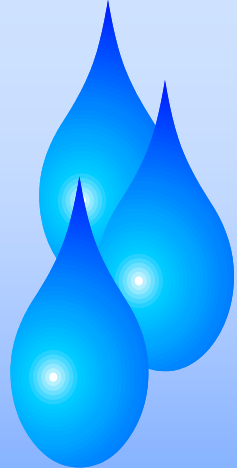


30 years of Unleaded Avgas in Sweden

Hjelmco 91/96 UL (UL94)

today 2011

- Available at > 70 airports
- used by ~ 1000 aircraft
- excellent technical history
- approved by piston engine manufacturers covering > 90 % of the entire world piston aircraft fleet.
- produced by Hjelmco Oil in Sweden



AVGAS 100 LL

HJELMCO 91/96 UL

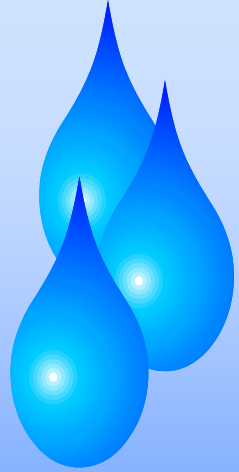
JET-A1

HJELMCO OIL AB
Mycket mer än
bara flygbränsle!

- AVGAS 100 LL
- HJELMCO 91/96 UL
- JET-A1
- ↓ sjöflyg

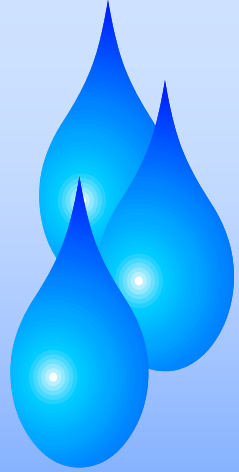


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TELEFON 08-626 93 86 • FAX 08-626 94 16
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Homework for politicians

**Classify aviation
fuel-products
based on
their
environmental qualities**



Homework for politicians

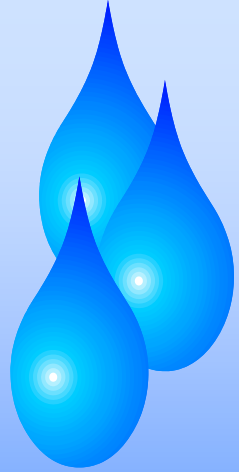
**With an environmental
classification of aviation fuels**

**allow tax-breaks
for environmentally
better products**



What happened with the ETBE – base AVGAS?

- Hjelmcø applied for an 100 UL ETBE based AVGAS to the ASTM standardisation committee in 2006.
- this application is still in the ASTM.
- in 2010 a standard for the component ETBE aviation grade has been approved.
- with the GAMI and SWIFT fuels interest seems to have shifted away from ETBE.
- AVGAS is a “political issue

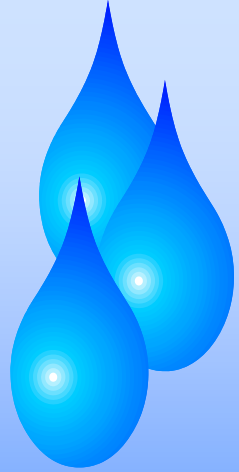


Questions ?

Why follow Lycoming
SI 14009* when using
unleaded AVGAS?

* engine oils such as
Total AD 15 W-50
Shell W 15 W-50
Shell W80+
Shell W100+

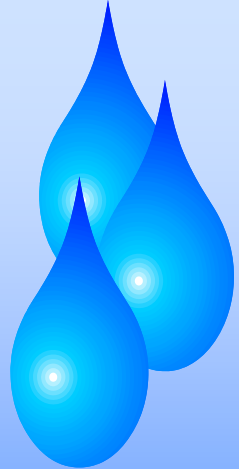
Answer: TCP helps oil to be better
attached to metal parts.



Unleaded Avgas
is not the only future
for General Aviation
but one



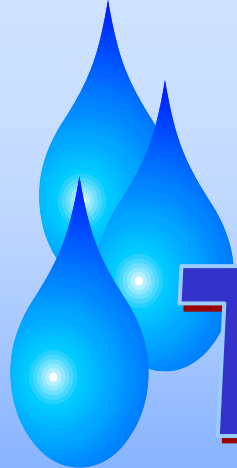
2003.03.12



More to read

about unleaded AVGAS

www.hjelmco.com



Thank you



Lars Hjelmberg

Executive director.